

I. GENERAL RULES OF COMPETITION

- A. The T.H.S.W.P.A. recognizes the following lifts, which must be taken in the same sequence in all competitions conducted and approved by the T.H.S.W.P.A.
1. Squat
 2. Bench Press
 3. Deadlift
- B. Each competitor is allowed three attempts on each lift. Three unsuccessful attempts in any lift will result in the lifter failing to achieve an overall competition total and thus will be eliminated from the competition. The lifter's highest successful attempt on each lift counts toward her competition total. The winner of a category shall be the lifter who achieves the highest total. The remaining lifters shall be ranked in descending order of total. If two or more lifters achieve the same total, the lighter lifter ranks above the heavier lifter.
- C. All T.H.S.W.P.A. competitors at Regional and State competitions must be enrolled in a Texas Education Agency certified high school in the state of Texas, grades 9-12, and must be eligible for competition under the current U.I.L. standards. Competition in the T.H.S.W.P.A. is restricted to females that meet the age requirements and limitations established by the UIL. The definition and establishment of gender and age are determined by the athlete's birth certificate.
- D. All competitors must be sponsored and coached by a **school district employed coach**. Training for competition is to be done using school facilities and under the direction of the above-mentioned coach. Competitors who use private clubs or gyms as their primary training site may be declared ineligible for competition. Club coaches and/or private coaches are not allowed to communicate on competition floor with competitors during competition.

II. TEAM COMPETITION

- A. Each school must pay a \$75.00 associational fee each year for its athletes to be eligible for competition in the T.H.S.W.P.A. The payment of T.H.S.W.P.A. dues must be postmarked no later than **February 1**.
- B. Payments received that are postmarked after **February 1** will be considered late and a \$200.00 fine, plus the original \$75.00 membership fee will be assessed. The fined school must then pay the fine by the Monday before the last qualifying date at 4:00 PM or the school's lifters will not be eligible for Regional or State Competition. No exceptions will be made.
- C. T.H.S.W.P.A. competition is divided into three divisions on the Regional level. Results from Invitational Meets will be sent to each Regional Director and rankings for Regional qualification will be kept separate by divisions.
1. Division 1 (5A-6A schools)
 2. Division 2 (4A schools)
 3. Division 3 (3A-2A/1A schools)

- D. Division classification will be determined when a school's state governing body of athletic competition (UIL, TAPPS, TCIL, etc.) reclassifies based on average daily attendance.
- E. Each school is allowed a maximum of **twelve** competitors spread throughout the range of the **twelve** weight classes. No more than three competitors from any one school may lift in any particular weight class for team points except at the Regional or State meets. Schools may enter "A" or "B" teams if approved by the Meet Director in advance, but each will be designated at weigh-in and will compete as separate teams. Those competitors designated as "B" team or "extra lifters" will be eligible for all individual awards, but cannot receive the team points. If a "B" team lifter places in the top five in any particular weight class, the points earned for that placing will vanish. At Regional and State Meets, those qualifiers competing for team points must be designated at the weigh-in (maximum of **twelve**).
- F. Team point scoring for all Invitational, Regional, and State Meets will be 7, 5, 3, 2, and 1 for the first five finishers in each weight class. Places are awarded on the TOTAL weight lifted in the three lifts: squat, bench press, and deadlift.
- G. Individual medals and team awards must be given to the first three or five places. In case of a tie, the team having the largest number of first place finishers will be ranked in the highest spot. If teams are also tied in points, and first place finishes, then the team with the most second place finishers will be classified first, and so on. If the schools are still tied after comparing all top five finishers of both schools, then the Schwartz numbers of each team's medal winners/point scorers will be averaged to break the tie. Exception: At State and Regional level, the Schwartz average will not be used to calculate the winner of the Team Championship (1st place only).
- H. An Invitational Meet must consist of no less than three different schools, having no less than 20 lifters in competition. All Judges at a Tri- or Quad- meet must be T.H.S.W.P.A. certified. During the week of the last qualifying date for Regional competition (beginning on the Monday prior to the last qualifying date), an Invitational Meet must consist of at least 4 different schools with at least 25 total lifters. The Regional Director has the authority to deviate from the required numbers on Invitational Meets.

III. INDIVIDUAL COMPETITION

- A. Each lifter must establish a qualifying total in a T.H.S.W.P.A. certified Invitational Meet prior to the Regional qualifying deadline in which each Meet Director can vary the structure of the meet. The allowance to vary meet structure does not extend to varying T.H.S.W.P.A. Rules of Performance. Examples might range from open meets with schools from all classifications competing together, to meets with separate divisions. A Meet Director might choose to host a meet with Class 1A, 2A and 3A schools competing separately from Class 4A, 5A, and 6A schools. Another option is to have a single division meet, for example Class 1A-

- 3A schools only. Lifters may only compete in one meet per calendar week.
(Sunday – Saturday)
- B. All Invitational Meet results must be received by the Regional Director(s) by 4:00 p.m. on the Monday following the Invitational Meet, or arrangements must be made with the Regional Director(s). All meets results must be sent by an attachment using the PowerScore software by Sandhill. If meet results are not turned in by this time, and no arrangements have been made, the Regional Director will have the option of refusing the results. The Regional Director(s) must receive results from meets held on the last qualifying date by 12:00 midnight on that last qualifying date. If meet results are not received by this time, they will not be recorded. All Invitational Meets must be approved by a Regional Director; if a meet is held without approval then the Regional Director(s) will have the option of refusing the results.
- C. Lifters who rank in the top **twelve** totals or reach the Regional qualifying total at an Invitational Meet, for their weight class in each region and in each division will qualify for Regional Meets. If a classification is not represented at the Regional Meet, the top 2 lifters with the highest total from that classification will be added to meet. (Ex. If there is one 1A/2A lifter in the top **twelve** of the 114.5 weight class, the next highest 1A/2A lifter will be added.) Rankings are listed and certified by the T.H.S.W.P.A. Regional Directors.
- D. Any lifter who qualifies in more than one weight class must declare to the Regional Director which class she intends to compete in at the Regional level. This declaration must be made by the Monday following the last qualifying date before 4:00 p.m. If no declaration is made, the Regional Director will assign the lifter to the heaviest class in which she has qualified. Also, at this date and time, each school becomes responsible for the entry fee for each lifter they have qualified.
- E. Lifters may only compete in the weight class in which they qualify at the official weigh-in at all meets including Invitational, Regional and State. At the Regional and State meets, lifters must compete in their declared and qualified weight class. Failure to make proper weight will eliminate the lifter from all competition.
- F. If two lifters register the same body weight at weigh-in and eventually achieve the same total at the end of the competition, they will be reweighed and the lighter person will take precedence over the heavier person. However, if they still weigh the same after re-weighing, they will then share the placing, and each receives an award. In such circumstances, the same procedure will be adopted to determine the record holder.
- G. A lifter who qualifies for the Regional Meet may qualify for the State Meet by 1) either finishing first or second in her weight class, 2) by posting a qualifying total for her class as follows or 3) by qualifying within the “top 2 rule by classification”. (Ex. At Regionals, if the top 2 finishers in a weight class are 5A, the top 2 6A girls, regardless of place, would go to State to represent their Region as 6A representatives).

Regional Qualifying totals

97.5 - 515
 105.5 - 585
 114.5 - 635
 123.5 - 675
 132.5 - 720
 148.5 - 775
 165.5 - 785
 181.5 - 810
 198.5 - 830
 220.5 - 865
 259.5 - 890
 SHW - 915

State Qualifying totals

97.5 - 550
 105.5 - 625
 114.5 - 675
 123.5 - 725
 132.5 - 775
 148.5 - 800
 165.5 - 825
 181.5 - 850
 198.5 - 875
 220.5 - 900
 259.5 - 925
 SHW - 950

Totals posted at Invitational Meets can only be used as criteria for Regional Meet qualification.

- H. Each lifter, coach, and school must provide certified proof of scholastic eligibility under U.I.L. guidelines prior to competition at the Regional and State level. These forms can be found on the website, www.thswpa.com.
- I. Coaches are required to notify Regional Directors if a Regional or State qualifier cannot participate in these meets so the alternates may be allowed the opportunity to lift.
- J. State Records may only be established by successful lifts performed at the State Meet.
- K. **At the discretion of a majority of the Judges, a lifter who intentionally drops or dumps a bar in the squat or deadlift events shall be eliminated from the competition. Also at the discretion of a majority of the Judges, any lifter who is heard cursing on the platform shall be eliminated from the competition.** The coach will be officially informed if lifter is eliminated from competition. Any lifter or coach, who by reason of their misconduct upon or near the platform is likely to discredit the sport, shall be removed from competition.
*****No previous warning is required; this rulebook and/or coaches' pre-competition meeting shall serve as a "first-warning".**

IV. LIFTING EQUIPMENT AND SPECIFICATIONS**A. PLATFORM**

All lifts shall be carried out on a platform measuring between 5'x5' minimum and 8'x8' maximum. The surface of the platform may be treated with an approved non-slip coating. Any cleaning, mopping, brushing, or adjusting of the platform shall be handled solely by the designated spotters/loaders, Judges, and other meet officials

B. BARS AND DISCS

For all powerlifting meets organized under the rules of the T.H.S.W.P.A., only disc barbells are permitted. Only those bars and discs that meet all specifications may be used throughout the entire competition and for all lifts. The bar shall not be changed during an event (squat, bench, or deadlift) unless it is bent or damaged in some way as determined by the Judges or Meet Director.

1. The BAR shall be straight and well knurled or grooved, should have a center section of knurls or grooves if used for squats, and shall conform to the following dimensions:
 - a. Total overall length not to exceed 7'.
 - b. Distance between the collar faces must not be less than 4'.
 - c. Weight of the bar and collars are to be:
 - (1) 55 pounds if using 5 pound collars.
 - (2) 55 pounds if using 2 ½ pound collars in combination with 2 ½ pound discs.
 - (3) 50 pounds if using a 2 ½ pound collars without discs.
 - (4) 45 pounds if using negligible weight plastic or spring collars.
 - d. Diameter of the sleeve is 2".
 - e. There shall be a diameter machine marking or the bar taped so as to measure 32" between machining or tape.
2. DISCS shall conform as follows:
 - a. All discs used in competition must weigh within .25 percent of their correct face value.
 - b. The hole size in the middle of the disc may be a maximum of 2.25" to 2" minimum.
 - c. All discs must be clearly marked with their weight and loaded in the sequence of heavier discs innermost with the small discs in descending weight arranged so that they can read the numbers of each disc.
 - d. The first and heaviest discs loaded on the bar must be loaded face in, with the rest of the discs loaded face out as weight is loaded.
 - e. The diameter of the largest disc shall be no more than 20".

C. COLLARS

1. Shall always be used in competition.
2. Collars may weigh 5 pounds each, 2 ½ pounds each, or be negligible weight as long as they are used in matched pairs and combined weight of the collars and bar are consistent with specifications above for "Bar".

D. SQUAT RACKS

1. Squat racks shall be of a sturdy construction and provide maximum stability. The base shall be of such design that it does not impede the lifter or the spotters/loaders. It may consist of a one-piece unit or two separate stands designed to hold the bar in a horizontal position.
2. The squat rack shall be designed to adjust.
3. Height adjustments should be made at any increment allowable on Squat rack (multi-pin or hydraulic rack).

4. All hydraulic racks must be capable of being secured at the required height by means of pins.

E. BENCH

The bench must be of a sturdy construction and provide stability and conform to the following dimensions:

- a. Length – not less than 4' and shall be flat and level.
- b. Width – minimum of 9".
- c. Height – 16" to 18" measured from the floor to the top of the padded surface of the bench without being depressed or compacted.
- d. Minimum width between insides of bar rests shall be 4'.

F. LIGHTS

1. A system of lights shall be provided whereby the Judges make known their decisions.
2. Each Judge will control two lights with one representing a "good lift" and the other "missed lift".
3. The lights should be arranged to correspond with the positions of the three Judges.
4. If lights are not available, Judges will manually (flags, thumbs up or thumbs down) make known their decisions.

V. COSTUME AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT

- A. The approved lifting suits are to be full length, one-ply (layer), and one-piece stretch material. The straps must be worn over the shoulders at all times while lifting in competition. No shorts are allowed to be worn with the lifting suit when the lifter is on the platform attempting a lift. If a suit is not available for a lifter to wear during an invitational meet, she may wear a pair of shorts and a shirt that is tucked in while lifting in competition. Lifting suits are required to be worn at Regional Meets and the State Meet. The lifting suit shall also be subject to the following requirements:

1. It may be any color or combination of colors.
2. Emblems may be worn on the lifting suit if they do not aid the lifter in her attempt.
3. The only allowable alterations to the lifting suit shoulder straps shall be sewn or twisted but without adding anything to suits (Ex. wrist wraps, rubber bands, etc). Sewn shoulder straps will not be considered as more than one-ply (layer).
4. Denim and/or canvas have been deemed to be non-stretch, non-elastic materials. Lifting suits and/or singlets made of denim and/or canvas have been judged to unduly compromise the joint integrity of the young lifter, and so will not be allowed in any T.H.S.W.P.A. competition.
5. Any alterations to the lifting suit, which exceed the above mentioned rules, shall make the suit illegal and can be subject to elimination from the competition.

- B. **ONE SHIRT, short sleeve or with sleeves, with a seam must be worn under any lifting suit.** The shirt may have a sleeve but it must remain at least .25" above the elbow and shall not be pushed or rolled up. The shirt must be made of lycra, cotton, polyester or a combination of all the above. Cut-off sleeves or tank tops are not allowed. Other materials not per this specification are not permitted except as listed in V-B-6 to follow.
1. It may have a "V" or "U" shaped collar.
 2. It may be of any color or combination of colors.
 3. It shall not have any pockets, buttons, zippers, or Velcro.
 4. Deadlift or upper torso support shirts of a common commercially accepted design will be allowed. It shall consist of one-ply (layer), one-piece stretch material without any additional patches or padding.
 5. Emblems may be worn on the shirt in T.H.S.W.P.A. competition, but may not include obscene or suggestive designs.
 6. One Bench Press shirt of a common commercially accepted design will be allowed to be worn by the lifter. It shall consist of a one-piece, one-ply (layer) stretch material without any additional patches or padding and must remain .25" above the elbow. However, denim and/or canvas have been deemed to be non-stretch, non-elastic materials. Bench Press shirts made of denim and/or canvas have been judged to unduly compromise the joint integrity of the young lifter, and so will not be allowed in any T.H.S.W.P.A. competition.
- C. **UNDER GARMENTS** that are approved for competition are defined as wearing **one bra and only one of the following: one lifting brief or one pair of underwear.** All items must be one-piece, one-ply (layer) stretch material without any additional padding, patches, or underwire.

Penalty for the following violations is immediate elimination from the competition:

1. Wearing both a lifting brief and a pair of underwear at the same time.
2. Wearing more than one lifting suit.
3. Wearing more than one shirt.
4. Wearing more than one Bench Press Shirt.
5. Wearing more than one lifting brief.
6. Wearing more than one pair of underwear.
7. Wearing more than one bra.
8. Wearing a bra with underwire.
9. Wearing any costume apparel with padding.
10. Wearing any sort of tights (Ex. biker shorts, girdles, leotards, etc.)
11. Wearing compression shorts.

Examples of violations:

- 1) Lifter lifting in a lifting brief and pair of underwear.
- 2) Lifter lifting in two lifting briefs and lifting suit.
- 3) Lifter lifting in two bras and a bench press shirt.

- D. SHOES OR BOOTS shall be worn; the heels of which shall not extend laterally beyond the upper edge of the shoes
1. Shoes shall be taken to include boots, sport shoes, trainers, gymnastic slippers or any foot covering that has a patterned molding or foot type outline that provides an inner sole.
 2. Shoes with metal, rubber/molded cleats or spikes are not permitted.

E. BELTS

A competitor may wear a belt. If worn, it shall be on the outside of the lifting suit. **If a belt comes undone or loose during a lift, this is not subject to a "missed lift".**

1. MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

- a. The belt may be of any material.
- b. The belt may have padding.
- c. If a leather belt is used, the tongue loop may be attached by means of studs and/or stitching.
- d. The name of the lifter's nation, state, school, mascot, club, or name may appear on the outside of the belt.
- e. Belts with lever action buckles are allowed as long as they meet all other requirements mentioned above and below.
- f. Belts with Velcro strapping are also allowed as long as they meet all requirements mentioned above and below.

2. DIMENSIONS

- a. Width of belt should be a maximum of 4".
- b. Thickness of belt should be a maximum of .5" along the main length.
- c. Outside width of buckle should be a maximum of 5".

F. WRAPS

A competitor may wear wraps. **If a wrap comes undone or loose during a lift, this is not subject to a "missed lift".**

1. Only wraps or bandages that are one-ply (layer) and covered with polyester, cotton, combination of both or medical crepe are permitted.
2. Wraps may be used as follows:
 - a. WRISTS – Wraps not exceeding 39" in length and up to 4" in width may be worn.
 - (1) Wrist wraps may have a thumb loop with a Velcro patch securing them. The thumb loop must be made of commercial elastic material, is no more than 3/8" in width, and is not deemed as supportive.
 - (2) A wrist wrap shall not extend beyond 4" above and 1" below the center of the wrist joint and not exceed a total of 4.75" in both directions.
 - b. KNEES – Wraps not exceeding 98" in length and up to 3" in width may be used.
 - (1) A knee wrap shall not extend beyond 6" below the center of the knee joint and not to exceed 12" in both directions. **Any knee wrap portion that hangs loose after**

the knee is wrapped is not subject to the above dimensions but if it does hang far enough to touch the floor it is subject to a "missed lift".

- (2) Alternately, an elasticized kneecap supporter not exceeding 8" in length may be worn in place of a knee wrap. A combination of the two is forbidden.
- c. ANKLES - Cloth or Neoprene ankle braces are allowed as long as they are not made of or contain any hard plastic or metal. NO TAPE ALLOWED.

G. PLASTERS

1. Two layers of plaster, bandages or Band-Aids may be worn on the thumbs, but nowhere else without official permission of the Meet Director or Head Judge. No plaster, bandage or Band-Aid may be used as a strap to help the lifter hold the bar.
2. With permission of the Meet Director or Head Judge, the official doctor, trainer, or paramedic on duty, may apply plasters, bandages or Band-Aids to injuries on the inside of the hand, but in no circumstances must the plaster, bandage or band aid continue around the back of the hand.
3. The official doctor, trainer, or paramedic on duty shall inform the Meet Director or Head Judge immediately after applying plasters, bandages or Band-Aids to the injuries. They may also give advice regarding additional plasters, bandages, or Band-Aids that they may consider necessary. However, these may only be applied with the permission of the Meet Director.

H. JEWELRY AND HAT/HEAD COVERINGS are not allowed to be worn on the platform. Anything other than a wrist wrap is considered jewelry and will be subject to a violation (Ex. Rubber band).

I. INSPECTION OF COSTUME AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT

1. Any costume or equipment that might be considered questionable should be brought to the Meet Director for approval prior to use.
2. A competitor participating in a sanctioned T.H.S.W.P.A. meet may be subject to an official inspection of her costume or personal equipment.
3. Suspected violations as well as Regional and State Records will be checked in a designated area.
4. If any Platform Judge has reason to doubt a lifter's integrity in this respect, they must notify the Meet Director of the lift of their suspicions after the completion. The two designated female Costume Checkers will examine the lifter's costume and personal equipment in a designated area. If the lifter is found guilty of wearing anything inconsistent with the rules stated in V-C, the lifter will be immediately eliminated from the competition and the coach will be officially informed as previously stated in Rule III-K.
5. Any competitor wearing a costume or using personal equipment during a lift inconsistent with items and rules previously mentioned, **but not pertaining to costume rule specifications stated in rule V-C**, can be subject to a "missed lift" by one or more of the Judges after the completion of the lift.

J. GENERAL USES

- a. The use of oil, grease or other lubricants on the body, costume personal equipment or lifting equipment is strictly forbidden.
- b. Powder is prohibited.

- c. Chalk (Magnesium Carbonate) may be applied on the hands, shoulders, and buttocks.
- d. No foreign substance may be applied to any wrapping material or equipment, except per V-1-4-c above, which may result in chalk on a shirt or transferred to a wrap after having been applied to the knee area.
- e. No sniffing of any substance is allowed.
- f. No head slapping by coaches or teammates is allowed.
- g. A violation of any of the above general rules may result in elimination of the lifter from competition at the discretion of the Meet Director.

VI. POWERLIFTS AND RULES OF PERFORMANCE

A. SQUAT

1. The lifter shall face the front of the platform.
2. The bar shall be held horizontally across the shoulders with the hands and fingers gripping the bar and the feet flat on the platform with the knees locked.
3. The lifter shall not hold the collars, sleeves, or plates anytime during the performance of the lift. However, the edge of the hands gripping the bar may be in contact with the inner surface of the sleeve.
4. The lifter may enlist the help of the spotters/loaders in removing the bar from the racks; however, once the bar has cleared the racks, the spotters/loaders shall not assist the lifter any further with regards to proper positioning, foot placement, bar positioning, etc.
5. The lifter shall wait for the Head Judge's signal, motionless in a full upright position with knees locked. The signal will be given as soon as the lifter is properly positioned or is in what is determined by the Head Judge to be the lifter's elected start position. The Head Judge's signal shall consist of a downward movement of the arm and audible command "Squat."
6. Upon receiving the Head Judge's command, the lifter must lower her body until the top surface of the legs at the hip joint is **lower** than the top of the kneecaps with one continuous movement downward and without double bouncing.
7. The lifter must recover, at will, to a full upright position with the knees locked with one continuous movement, without double bouncing, more than one recovery attempt, or stopping of the bar. When she has recovered to a motionless and full upright position with her knees locked or is in what determined by the Head Judge to be the lifter's elected finish position, the Head Judge will give the signal to replace the bar.
8. The signal to replace the bar will consist of a backward motion of the hand and the audible command "Rack." Once the "Rack" command has been given, the spotters may assist the lifter in racking the weight. The lifter must continue to support the bar until it is safely returned to the rack, but the first step does not have to be forward as long as the lifter is making a bona fide attempt to return the bar to the racks.

B. CAUSES FOR "MISSED LIFT" OF A SQUAT

Note: The Head Judge shall not call depth on squat. Otherwise, all Judges are responsible to assess all performance aspects of the squat.

1. Failure to observe the Head Judge's signals at the commencement or completion of the lift.
2. Changing the position of the hands or fingers laterally on the bar after the "Squat" command and prior to receiving the "Rack" command. Opening and closing of the hands or fingers will be allowed as long as they are returned to their original position.
3. Non-continuous movement defined as double bouncing, more than one recovery attempt, or stopping of the bar during the entire lift. Bar must be lowered and raised in one continuous movement.
4. Failure to lock knees and assume a full, upright position at the commencement and completion of the lift.
5. Any shifting of the feet laterally, backwards or forward, after the "Squat" signal but prior to the "Rack" command. The lifter's heel or toe may rise from the platform as long as when returned to the platform, it is in the original location.
6. Failure to lower the body until the top surface of the legs at the hip joint is lower than the top of the kneecaps.
7. Changing the position of the bar across the shoulders after the "Squat" signal, but prior to the "Rack" command.
8. Contact of the elbows or upper arms with the legs.
9. Failure to make a bona fide attempt to return the bar to the racks.
10. If a lifter initiates her squat attempt prior to the "Squat" command, the Head Judge will wait until the lifter finishes her "unofficial" attempt and demonstrates motionless control of the bar in a full upright position with knees locked or the lifter's elected start position as determined by the Head Judge before giving the "Squat" command. Thus, the Judges will only judge an attempt that is started after the "Squat" command. If the lifter racks the bar after an "unofficial" attempt, the lifter forfeits that attempt.
11. Contact with the power rack supports.
*** At the discretion of a majority of the Judges, a lifter who intentionally drops or dumps a bar in the squat event shall be eliminated from the competition as stated in Rule III-K.

C. BENCH PRESS

1. The front of the bench press bench must be placed on the platform with the back of the racks facing the Head Judge.
2. The lifter must lie on her back with head, shoulders and buttocks in contact with the flat bench surface. Her shoes must be flat on the surface and not be in contact with the bench or its supports. The position must be maintained between the "Press" and "Rack" signals.
3. To achieve firm footing, the lifter may use plates or blocks to build up the surface of the platform. The plates shall not exceed 7" in height. If blocks are used, they shall not exceed 18"x18". Whichever method is chosen; the entire foot must be flat on the surface.
4. The spacing of the hands shall not exceed 32" measured between the forefingers.
5. After receiving the bar, the lifter shall lower the bar completely unassisted to her torso and await the Head Judge's signal.
6. The signal to commence the lift shall be the audible command "Press" and will be given as soon as the bar is motionless on the torso.

7. After the audible "Press" command is given, the lifter must press the bar vertically in one continuous movement upward until arms are fully extended and held motionless until the audible command "Rack" is given.

CAUSES FOR "MISSED LIFT" OF A BENCH PRESS

1. Failure to observe the Head Judge's signals at the commencement or completion of the lift.
2. Any change in the elected lifting position after the "Press" command but prior to the "Rack" command that results in 1) the lifter's head, shoulders, or buttocks breaking contact with the flat bench surface, 2) the lifter's feet not remaining flat, not entirely on the surface, or moving from their original point of contact on the surface, and 3) lateral movement or opening and closing of the hands on the bar.
3. Any contact of the lifter's shoes with the bench or its supports.
4. Hand spacing of greater than 32" as measured between the forefingers.
5. Assisted lowering of bar to torso.
6. Allowing the bar to sink into the torso after receiving the Head Judge's "Press" signal.
7. The bar stopping or descending in the course of being pressed out.
8. Contact with the bench uprights during the press.

E. DEADLIFT

1. The lifter shall face the front of the platform.
2. The bar must be laid motionless horizontally in front of the lifter's feet, gripped with an optional grip in both hands, and lifted with one continuous movement until the lifter is standing in a full upright position.
3. On completion of the lift, the lifter shall have her knees locked, standing in a full upright position and the bar motionless.
4. The Head Judge's signal shall consist of a downward movement of the hand and the audible command "Down". The signal will be given when the lifter is in their apparent finished position.
5. Any raising of the bar or any deliberate attempt to do so will count as an attempt.
6. Lifter must return the bar with maintained control to the surface of the platform with both hands.

F. CAUSES FOR "MISSED LIFT" OF A DEADLIFT

1. Failure to observe the Head Judge's signal at the completion of the lift.
2. Not starting the lift with the bar laid motionless horizontally in front of the lifter's feet and lifting the weight vertical off the surface (Ex. Rolling bar when initiating the attempt).
3. Any stopping or downward movement of the bar upon commencement and completion of the lift.
4. Failure to stand in a full upright position with the knees locked and bar motionless.
5. Supporting the bar at the thighs (called a hitch) during the performance of the lift.
6. Any lateral movement of the feet, or stepping backward or forward. The lifter's heel or toe may rise from the platform as long as when returned to the platform it is in the original position.

7. Attempting to lift the bar off the surface more than once during the lift.
 8. Allowing the bar to return to the platform without maintaining control with both hands.
- *** At the discretion of a majority of the Judges, a lifter who intentionally drops or dumps a bar in the deadlift event shall be eliminated from the competition as stated in Rule III-K.

VII. WEIGHING-IN

- A. Body weight categories consist of the following twelve weight classes: *

97.5 lbs.	105.5 lbs.	114.5 lbs.
123.5 lbs.	132.5 lbs.	148.5 lbs.
165.5 lbs.	181.5 lbs.	198.5 lbs.
220.5 lbs.	259.5 lbs.	SHW(259.6+)

*Each of these weights is the **maximum** legal body weight to lift in that particular weight class.

- B. Weighing-in of the competitors must take place no earlier than 2 ½ hours before the start of the competition for a particular category. All lifters in the category must attend the weigh-in, which will be carried out in the presence of appointed officials for that category. Weigh-in area around the scale should be free of all others except person being weighed (no holding of hair, etc....).
- C. The weigh-in period will last 1 ½ hours. The remaining time before the commencement of lifting will be used for the purpose of final competition preparation.
- D. Any weigh-in procedure which does not take place “on-site” (i.e. “honor system weigh-in”, “call-in weigh-in”) is strictly prohibited. A Regional Director must not accept results from an Invitational where the weigh-in procedure is in conflict with T.H.S.W.P.A. Rules and By-laws.
- E. Lifters must be weighed nude or in underwear and/or bra and shall not wear jewelry, hair accessories, or have wet hair. If a question exists regarding weight of undergarments, the lifter may be requested to reweigh in the nude.
- F. Based on the lifter’s weight class that is declared on their card, once a lifter makes weight within that weight class, their official weight may only be recorded once. Only those whose body weight is heavier or lighter than the weight class declared on their card, can be allowed to return to the scales. They must return to the scales and make weight within the limits of the 1 ½ hours allowed for the weigh-in; otherwise, they will be eliminated from the competition. Lifters trying to make weight may be reweighed as often as time and orderly progression allows. A lifter may only be weighed outside the time limit of 1 ½ hour if she presents herself within the time limit, but due to the number of lifters trying to make weight, she is denied the opportunity of attempting to reweigh. She may then be allowed to reweigh once at the discretion of the Judges.

- G. Starting weights shall be declared by the lifter at the weigh-in for all three lifts and may not be changed after the lifter's card is turned in.
- H. Early weigh-in will only be allowed at Regional and State Meets. Invitational Meets shall have a single weigh-in time, and said weigh-in shall take place on the day of the Invitational.

VIII. THE "ROUND SYSTEM," BAR LOADING PROGRESSION, AND WEIGHT CHANGES AFTER DECLARATION

- A. All T.H.S.W.P.A. Regional and State Meets will use the "rounds" system of competition. Each lifter will take her first attempt in the first round, her second attempt in the second round, and her third attempt in the third round. Weights will be in pounds with a minimum progression of five pounds per attempt.
- B. Where 10 or more lifters are competing in a session, groups ("flights") may be formed consisting of approximately equal numbers of lifters. It is suggested that groups be formed when 15 or more lifters are competing in the same session. A session can be composed of a single bodyweight category or any combination of bodyweight categories at the discretion of the Meet Director.
- C. In normal competition, the bar is loaded progressively. The lifter requiring the lightest weight will lift first. The bar cannot be reduced in weight once a lift has been performed with the weight announced. Therefore, it is necessary for a lifter or her coach to observe the progressive loading of the bar and be ready to make her attempt at the chosen weight. At no time will the weight of the bar be lowered within a round except for errors as described in Section X, and then only at the end of the round.
- D. Second and third attempts shall be submitted to the Scorer within one minute of the lifter's prior completed attempt. If no attempt is given within one minute following the lifter's prior successfully completed attempt, the lifter's subsequent attempt shall be increased by 5 lbs. **If no attempt is given within the one minute following the lifter's unsuccessful attempt, the lifter's subsequent attempt shall remain the same as the previous attempt.**
- E. All rounds shall be governed by the order of increase in weight; therefore, the lifting order will change from round to round. The order of lifting is always from the lowest to the highest weight. When two lifters are attempting the same weight, their lifting order is originally determined by lot numbers, and subsequently determined by the order in which the subsequent attempts are submitted to the expeditor.
- F. All attempts in the second and third rounds shall be equal to or greater than the previous attempts.
- G. After an original declaration of weight attempt, a lifter will be allowed two changes ("bumps") of weight on second and third attempts during the competition. Each lifter will be allowed a maximum of two weight changes throughout the course of

the meet. These changes must be made by a coach prior to an individual lifter being called to the bar and the bar is properly loaded. The bar is not considered to be loaded until it is loaded for that particular lift. A lifter may bump (up or down in weight) to a weight as long as it is not less than a previous attempt or less than what is loaded on the bar. Once loaded, weight can never be taken off the bar (collars included). **At the Regional and State Meet, each coach must fill out "Bump Request" and submit to Scorer before lifter's next weight is loaded on the bar. Scorer will change weight on card and put an "X" in the bump box.**

1. Example #1 – Lifters A, B, C and D are all scheduled to attempt a 300-lb. deadlift. As lifter B is lowering her successful attempt, lifter C's coach bumps lifter C's attempt to 350 lbs. CORRECT INTERPRETATION of Item #G.
2. Example #2 – Lifters A, B and C are all scheduled to attempt a 300 lb. deadlift, while lifter D is scheduled to attempt a 350 lb. deadlift. As lifter D's coach sees that lifter C's attempt is unsuccessful, the coach bumps lifter D's attempt down to 300 lbs. CORRECT INTERPRETATION of Item #F and #G, as long as lifter D had not previously attempted greater than 300 lbs.
3. Example #3 – Immediately after lifter A's attempt at a 300 lb. deadlift, the Speaker/Announcer declares the bar loaded for lifter B. Lifter B's coach then approaches the Expeditor about bumping up to a different weight. INCORRECT INTREPRETATION of Item #G.
4. In the round following an unsuccessful attempt at a 300 lb. deadlift, lifter A bumps to a 275 lb. third attempt. INCORRECT INTREPRETATION of Item #G.

IX. ORDER OF COMPETITION

A. The Meet Director will appoint the following officials:

1. Speaker/Announcer
2. Time Keepers (Preferably the Head Judge)
3. Expeditors
4. Scorers
5. Spotters/Loaders
6. Additional officials may be appointed as required, e.g. doctors, trainers, paramedics, Costume Checkers, etc.

B. Responsibilities of the officials are:

1. The Speaker is responsible for the efficient running of the competition. They act as Master of Ceremonies. Speakers will announce Regional or State Records about to be attempted.
2. The Time Keeper is responsible for accurately recording the one-minute between the announcement that the "Bar is Loaded" and the lifter touching the bar in order to initiate her attempt.
 - a. When the bar is loaded and the platform is cleared for lifting, the Head Judge will announce "Bar is Loaded" and start the timer.
 - b. The lifter is allowed one minute in which to initiate her attempt after the bar has been called ready for her attempt. The time can only be stopped by the lifter touching the bar in which she should

- initiate her attempt, by the completion of a time allowance, or at the discretion of the Head Judge.
- c. The lifter or her coach must check the height of the squat racks prior to being called, as once the bar is announced as being ready, the clock will be started. Any further adjustments to the racks must be made within the lifter's one-minute time allowance, unless the required adjustment is due to an error by a meet or platform official.
 - d. The lifter may adjust the belt or costume on the platform if the adjustment is made within the one-minute time limit and the bar has not been touched.
 - e. When the lifter touches the bar within the prescribed time allowance, the clock will be stopped. However, if the lifter touches the bar in an attempt to stop the clock, not initiate her lift and disengage the bar to adjust her costume and personal equipment or to receive instructions from her coach, the lifter can attempt the lift but can be subject to a "missed lift" by one or more of the Judges.
 - f. If the lifter does not touch the bar and initiate her attempt within the one-minute time allowance, the lift will be declared as a "missed lift" and the attempt forfeited.
 - g. If a lifter is following herself in the order of lifting, after completion of her initial lift there will be a three-minute allowance prior to calling the bar ready. The lifter will then have one minute in which to touch the bar and initiate her attempt.
3. Scorers are responsible for accurately recording the progress of the competition. The Scorer will give the lifter one minute after the completion of her last lift attempt to submit the second and third attempts. **See VIII-D for consequences of no attempt given within the one-minute time limit. If a lifter is eliminated from the competition, either by 1-misconduct, 2-costume violation, or 3-obtaining three unsuccessful attempts in any lift, the Scorer is responsible to put an "X" through the entire card and assure the lifter is not in any further rotations of lifts in the competition.**
 4. Expeditors are responsible for announcing the weight required for the next attempt and the name/number of the lifter. Attempts announced by the Expeditor should then be displayed upon some type of scoreboard or projection screen erected in a prominent position for each platform. Expeditors will inform the Speaker of Regional or State Records about to be attempted and arrange the attempts chosen by the lifters in an orderly fashion, dictated by weight lowest to highest.
 5. Spotters/Loaders are responsible for loading and unloading the bar, adjusting squat racks or benches as required, cleaning the bar or platform at the request of the Head Judge, and generally ensuring that the platform is well maintained and presents a neat and tidy appearance at all times. At no time shall there be less than two or more than five spotters/loaders on the platform. When the lifter prepares for an attempt on squat or bench, the spotters/loaders may assist her in removing the bar from the racks. However, they should not touch the bar from the commencement command until the completion command. Other than the initial removal of the bar from the racks, the lifter will not receive any help from the spotters/loaders in positioning herself for an attempt. If the lift is in jeopardy and likely to result in injury to

the lifter, the spotters/loaders may, either at the request of the Judges or the lifter herself, step in or relieve the lifter of the bar. If the lifter is deprived of an otherwise successful attempt by the error of a spotter/loader and through no fault of her own, she may be awarded another attempt at the same weight at the discretion of the Judges at the end of the round.

- C. During the execution of a lift, only the lifter, spotters/loaders and the Judges are permitted to be present on or in contact with the platform. Any violation of the below rules can be subject to a "missed lift" by one or more of the Judges after the completion of the lift.
1. Teammates or coaches filling the role of spotters/loaders on squat, bench or deadlift will be considered platform workers and are prohibited from coaching or encouraging the lifter.
 2. Coaches are only allowed to encourage their lifters from the sides and back of the platform and must not:
 - a. be in contact with the platform during the execution of the lift.
 - b. obstruct the Judge's view of the lifter.
 - c. impede the normal flow of the competition.
 3. Coaches/teammates are not to attempt to relocate spotters/loaders. If there is a perceived need to relocate a spotter/loader, the coach/teammate shall make the request for adjustment with the Judge located closest to the spotter/loader in question. Whether the spotters/loader relocates is at the discretion of the Judge. The primary responsibility of the spotters/loaders during the execution of a lift is to ensure lifter safety. Judges are to ensure that the spotters/loaders position best addresses this responsibility. However, positioning of the spotters/loaders should be to allow an unobstructed view by Judges so they can assess the lift, and should also consider the coach's similar need.
- D. If during the competition, a lifter suffers injury, the official doctor, trainer, or paramedic on duty has the right of examination. If they consider it inadvisable for the lifter to continue, these medical officials may, in consultation with the Meet Director, insist upon the lifter retiring from the competition. The coach must be officially informed of such a decision.
- E. Costume Checkers will be at least two females assigned by the Meet Director to be responsible for examining a lifter's costume and personal equipment if a there is a violation suspicion by the Platform Judges, a Regional record was attempted to be set or broken, or a State Record was attempted to be set or broke. If the lifter is found guilty of wearing anything inconsistent with the rules stated in V-C, the Costume Checkers will notify the lifter, her coach, the Meet Director, and the Scorers.
- F. A break of five minutes may take place between the completion of one lift and the commencement of another, i.e., between the squat and the bench press, and between the bench press and the deadlift.

X. EXAMPLES OF ERRORS IN LOADING

- A. If the bar is loaded lighter than the weight originally requested, the lifter will be granted a further attempt at the originally requested weight at the end of the round.
- B. If the bar is loaded to a heavier weight than originally requested and the attempt is successful, the lifter will be granted the attempt. If the attempt is not successful, the lifter will be granted a take their attempt at the originally requested weight at the end of the round.
- C. If the loading is not the same on each side, the lifter will be granted a taker her attempt at the end of the round.
- D. If for any reason the lifter misses her attempt because the Expeditor made a mistake in announcing her at the appropriate weight, the lifter will be allowed to take her attempt at the end of the round.

XI. JUDGES AND RULES COMMITTEE

- A. For all Invitational Meets, at least one Judge at each platform must be certified by T.H.S.W.P.A. Any school hosting a T.H.S.W.P.A. certified meet on the last Regional qualifying date of the Invitational Meet season must provide certified Judges for each of the three Judge's positions at every platform. All Invitational Meet Directors must receive certification of Judges by the Regional Director(s) for the meet to be sanctioned by the T.H.S.W.P.A. and totals to count toward Regional qualifying.
- B. The Regional Directors will be responsible for selecting T.H.S.W.P.A. certified Judges for all Regional and State Meets.
- C. The Judges shall be three in number: A Head Judge and two side Judges.
- D. The three Judges must arrange themselves in what they consider to be the best viewing positions around the platform for each of the three lifts. However, the Head Judge must always bear in mind the need to be easily visible to the lifter performing the squat or deadlift.
- E. Before the contest, the Judges shall jointly ascertain that the platform and competition equipment complies in all respects with the rules. Defective equipment is to be reported to the Meet Director and replaced.
- F. During the contest the Judges must jointly ascertain that the weight of the loaded bar agrees with the weight announced by the Expeditor. Judges may be issued loading charts for this purpose.
- G. The Head Judge is responsible for giving the necessary signals for all three lifts.

H. Signals required for the three lifts are as follows:

Lift	Commencement	Completion
Squat	A visual signal consisting of downward movement of the arm together with the audible command "Squat"	A visual signal consisting of a backward movement of the arm together with the audible command "Rack".
Bench Press	Audible command "Press". If the lifter is deaf, the Head Judge may give a visual signal to the lifter.	A visual signal consisting of a backward movement of the arm together with the audible command "Rack".
Deadlift	No signal required	A visual signal consisting of a downward movement of the arm with the audible of the command "Down".

- I. Once the bar has been replaced in the racks or on the platform at the completion of the lift, the Judges will announce their decisions by means of the lights, flags or hand signals. With the lights and flags, one color will be for a "good lift" and another for "missed lift". Manually, the Judges can use a thumbs up for a "good lift" and thumbs down for "no lift". The Head Judge will say an Audible "Judges" once the bar has been racked or returned to the platform and all three Judges will give announce their decision at the same time.
- J. A Judge shall not attempt to influence the decisions of the other Judges.
- K. The Judges may consult with the Rules Committee, Meet Director, or any other official as necessary in order to expedite the competition.
- L. At the discretion of the Meet Director, a Rules Committee may be formed to ensure that the technical rules are correctly applied and review appeals. Although not required, T.H.S.W.P.A. recommends that a Rules Committee be appointed for all Invitational Meets, Regional Meets, and the State Meet.
- M. If a mistake occurs in the judging which is contrary to the technical rules, the Rules Committee and Meet Director may take appropriate action to correct the mistake. By a majority of vote and with discretion, they may grant the lifter a further attempt or overturn the decision of Judges. All Rules Committee and Meet Director's decisions are final.
- N. The impartiality of Judges cannot be doubted, but a mistake in judging can be committed in good faith. In such a case, the Judge shall be allowed to give their explanation for making the decision, which is the subject of their warning.
- O. During the competition the Rules Committee and Meet Director may, by a majority vote, replace any Judge whose decisions prove them to be incompetent. The Judge concerned must have received a warning prior to any action of dismissal.

- P. No video or pictures shall be reviewed by either Judges or the Rules Committee for the purpose of overturning a Judge's decision. All results are final at the conclusion of the meet.
- Q. T.H.S.W.P.A. recommends a fee of a \$100.00 for all certified Judges for any Invitational Meet.

XII. DRUG TESTING POLICIES

The T.H.S.W.P.A. strongly discourages the use of any performance-enhancing substances, such as anabolic steroids, human growth hormone, diuretics, or psychomotor stimulants. Competition in the T.H.S.W.P.A. is limited to lifters who have not used any form of strength enhancing drugs or hormones.

- A. The T.H.S.W.P.A. reserves the right to drug test at the State and Regional Championships by way of urinalysis for the presence of prohibited substances.
- B. The T.H.S.W.P.A. considers the following to be prohibited substances:
 - 1. Anabolic Steroids, including testosterone and related compounds
 - 2. Natural and Synthetic Growth Hormone
 - 3. Psychomotor Stimulants
 - 4. Drugs used as masking agents
- C. Competitors chosen as subjects for drug testing should be drawn at random from a pool of the top five finishers from each weight class.
- D. Urinalysis testing should take place following the individual lifter's competition.
- E. Any lifter testing positive for prohibited substances is automatically disqualified from the competition for which she was tested.
- F. Any lifter testing positive for prohibited substances has the option of being re-tested for the prohibited substance within a time period of 21 days.
- G. A T.H.S.W.P.A. approved laboratory should evaluate the urinalysis testing.
- H. Random drug tests may be administered at the State Meet to discourage the use of substances that may be harmful to the athlete's physical and psychological development. Any lifter refusing this test, or any lifter who tests positive, will be disqualified from competition. In cases where team and individual awards and points are involved, these points and/or awards will be given to the next highest finisher in the competition.